THE

South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 1727.]

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1768.

BOSTON, OCTOBER 10.

The following is a true copy of a letter transmitted to DENNIS DE BERDT, *Esq; in London, by order of the late convention, consisting of committees from ninety-eight towns, many of them the most wealthy, and numerous in the province, and eight districts.*

SIR, BOSTON, *Sept.* 27, 1768.

THE inhabitants of a number of towns within this province, having, at their several town meetings legally called, taken under their most mature consideration, the great and prevailing uneasiness among the people of the province in general: arising from an apprehension that their charter and constitutional rights and liberties are infringed by the late acts of parliament for raising a revenue in America, without their consent; and also from the immediate prospect of a standing army to enforce the execution of these acts, at this time, when they may reasonably hope the late dutiful and loyal supplications of their representatives, for a redress of the grievance, is under the consideration of our Gracious Sovereign, from whose wisdom and clemency they expect relief: And, being deprived of the benefit of a General Assembly, his Excellency the Governor having dissolved the same at an unusual season, and in an unusual manner, declaring, that he does not think himself at liberty to call a new one, 'till he shall receive further orders from his Majesty. The said towns have severally made choice of committees to meet together, consult and advise to such measures as may tend to promote the peace and good order of his Majesty's subjects in this province, at so alarming and distressing a crisis.

And being convened for the purpose aforesaid at *Boston*, we took the earliest opportunity to assure the Governor of the province, and the world, in our petition offered to his Excellency, which we caused immediately to be published, and is herewith inclosed, to disclaim all pretensions to any authoritative or governmental acts. And you will please to observe, by a copy of our whole proceedings sent to you, that we have strictly adhered to the express design of our convention.

We have taken the liberty to write to you, as a known friend to the province, and to beg the favour of you, to use your kind endeavours, to prevent any misrepresentations of our meeting and proceedings, which our enemies may be ready to make. We flatter ourselves you may be enabled from this instance, to afford to his Majesty's ministers, and the good people of Britain, a fresh token of the loyalty of our respective towns to his Majesty, their attachment to his government, and love of peace and good order.

We wish and pray for the happy time, when a national attention shall be given to the grievances we labour under, and the true source of them. When such a period shall come, we are perfuaded, that the union and harmony which has hitherto subsisted between Great-Britain and the colonies, and upon which the welfare of both undoubtedly depends, will be confirmed and established.

The present discontent we apprehend originally arose from the nation's having been inform'd of the ability of the people here, to pay considerable duties, and taxes. Whoever made such a representation, surely did not attend duly to the heavy load of debt lying upon this province, incurred chiefly by our expences in defending and enlarging his Majesty's American territories in the last war, which was borne by the people with the greatest alacrity. The nation being itself involved in a heavy debt, was easily induced to avail itself of the supposed influence of the colonies, and unfortunately, as they apprehend, took such a measure as will naturally awaken the jealousy of every free and sensible people, namely, by passing acts to tax them without their consent. The late Stamp-Act made for this purpose, was indeed repealed: But other acts, of the same nature and tendency, though perhaps not so apparently obnoxious, are in full force, and daily executing.

The people, in consequence, complained of these acts, as being abridgements of such constitutional rights as are laid deep in the foundation of nature: But these complaints have been represented as arising from a spirit of faction, disloyalty and rebellion. Their most dutiful and loyal petition to his Majesty, they have been informed, by the last advices from London, had not reached the Royal presence: Nay, his Majesty, as they are told, has been assured, that his subjects of this province, have even attempted to excite the same spirit among his other colonies, by a circular letter, the only purport of which was to acquaint them of their having petitioned for relief from their common grievances, with hopes of success from the Royal clemency.

In order to raise the jealousy of the nation, the most trifling incidents have been wrought up to the highest pitch of aggravation, by persons who still find means to gain a credit there. We shall only recur to the most recent instances.

On the 18th of *March* last, being the anniversary of the repeal of the stamp act, and observed as a day of rejoicing, a few disorderly persons, mostly boys, assembled in the evening, paraded some of the streets, and finally repaired to the house of John Williams, Esq; the inspector-general. Whether their design was to do him any injury or not, by his address and soft treatment of them, together with the interposition of some of the neighbouring householders, they soon retired and dispersed, without doing any mischief at all. His Majesty's council, in their answer to the Governor, which is inclosed, have declared this to be too inconsiderable to make it a subject of representation; and that it could not have been made the subject of so injurious an one, but by persons disposed to bring misery and distress upon the town and province; and their declaration, it is said, has given great offence to the Governor.

There was indeed on the 10th of June following, something that had rather more of the appearance of riot, but it was only of a few hours existence, and with very little mischief. But as we are informed, that the town of Boston have already given you a full account of this affair, supported by affidavits, we shall not give you the further trouble of reciting it, but refer you to their letter. It is however to be observed, that if the inhabitants of that town had been disposed to give the least countenance to this riot, so exasperated were the people at the extraordinary and unusual exertion of the naval power, when there could be no apprehension, that the King's officers would be in the least measure molested in the due execution of lawful power, as well as the haughty behaviour of the commissioners of the customs, that the least countenance would have been sufficient to have led them on to extremities—but they soothed them, and the people soon dispersed, after having broke a few panes of glass, not to the value of five pounds. We cannot help taking notice here, of a notorious instance of the inveterate temper of our enemies, in a representation made in a certain letter, of this riotous assembly's having burnt a beautiful barge, belonging to the collector of the customs, before Mr. Hancock's door. As this worthy gentleman sustains a public character, and is one of the principal inhabitants of the province, it is apparent that the malice of the writer of that letter, was not confined to a single gentleman, but extended to the public. The truth is, the barge was burnt on a common, surrounded with gentlemen's seats; and the scene could not be said to be before Mr. Hancock's door, any more than before the doors of divers other gentlemen in the neighbourhood. The mean insinuation that it was done under the influence of Mr. Hancock, is so far from the least shadow of truth, that it is notorious here, that the tumult was finally dispersed, principally by his exertions, animated by his known regard to peace and good order. His Majesty's council afterwards gave a just account of the occasion of that riot, and repeatedly desired, that the Governor would order the same to be made public, but without success.

Care was taken, however, by those, who, to speak in the softest terms, are unfriendly to us, to transmit this affair to the nation in so aggravated a light, as to incense to a high degree. And we cannot indeed wonder, that when such false representations are made by persons, as we have reason to believe, of rank and figure here, our mother country should, for a while, give credit to them, and under an apprehension of a general insurrection, should send a military force to subdue a people, if we may allowed to say it, at least as orderly and well-affected,—as sensible of their just rights, and yet as patient under oppression, 'till they can be constitutionally relieved, as any in his Majesty's empire.

Nothing, we apprehend, is wanting, to restore a much desired harmony, but for his Majesty's subjects on both sides the Atlantic, fully to explain themselves to each other, which is not likely to be done through the medium of interested and designing men: Such men would not scruple to raise their fortunes, though at the ruin of the empire.—Could such men be removed, the nation, attentive to the calm voice of reason, which we humbly apprehend, has been uttered by the colonies, would soon view their disposition, we may at least be allowed to say that of this province, in its just light, and be convinced, that it is their warmest inclination, as well as in their power, to add strength and riches to the mother state, and administer to the splendor of the British crown.

Thus we have given you a full account of the occasion, nature and design of our convening; which is by no means to assume to ourselves any authority of government; but only as a number of private fellow subjects met together, to consult and advise the most effectual measures to promote the peace and good order of his Majesty's subjects at this very difficult and distressing time.

We herewith inclose to you an humble, dutiful and loyal petition to our most gracious Sovereign, which we beg the favour of you, to present to his Majesty, in person, as speedily as possible.

We are, &c. THO. CUSHING, Chairman.

From the BOSTON GAZETTE, Oct. 3.

THERE are barracks at the castle within the limits of this town, sufficient in the judgment of his majesty's council, who were unanimous in their opinion, to receive both the regiments arrived here, and lodge them comfortably: But the governor thinks it necessary that they should be quartered among the inhabitants.——The sensible part of the people see no reason for a step so disagreeable and dangerous, unless barely to gratify the commissioners of the customs, who it seems, are tired of their *chosen* residence at the Castle, and think they have made themselves so obnoxious to the inhabitants, as to render their residence in this town, hazardous, without a thousand men to protect them—His Majesty's affairs in the mean time do not seem to be affected *at all* in this struggle, for the revenue which has never been interrupted is paid with as much punctuality while they are at the Castle as if they were in the body of the town.—One of the regiments is encamped on the Common near the centre of the town: The other being unprovided with quarters before their landing, not having their tents on shore, and the commanding officer, who knows his duty, being it is presumed sensible that *quarters could not by act of parliament be demanded even in public houses* WHILE THE BARRACKS AT THE CASTLE remained empty, after having in vain endeavoured to persuade the families living in the manufactory-house to remove, in which case, they would have had no where to go but in the street, he marched the regiment at sun-set, to Faneuil-Hall: Here they halted several hours, but it is said, could not obtain liberty of the selectmen of the town to enter; however, they finally took possession.—The gentlemen of the regiments, as well as the soldiers, behave, at present, with civility to the inhabitants, and we are perfuaded, will find that they have been *misinformed*, even since their arrival at the castle, with respect to the true character of the people.—On the other hand, the inhabitants have no personal disregard to them, but would be glad to treat the King's troops with the cordiality with which they treated the regiments formerly in town with the brave General Amherst: But the errand on which they now come, seems to be TOO APPARENTLY DIFFERENT.—Nothing will either *flatter* or AWE this people into a *voluntary* submission TO BE TAXED BY OTHERS, WITHOUT *their consent*.

It is said that Col. Dalrymple has given his honour that Faneuil-Hall shall be cleared this day—Compassion to the soldiers, who must have suffered in the streets, being the only cause of their being lodged there; and by no means a concession on the part of the town to provide quarters, 'till the barracks at the Castle are filled.

JOURNAL of Transactions in BOSTON, SEPTEMBER 28, 1768.

ADVICE received that the men of war and transports from Halifax, with about 900 troops, collected from several parts of America, were safe arrived at Nantasket Harbour, having very narrowly escaped shipwreck on the back of Cape-Cod, which disaster would have left the extensive sea coast of North-America, almost bare of ships of war, and troops, but in no worse state than are the inland fortresses and settlements, from whence the garrisons had been before withdrawn.—*Time must account for such extraordinary steps in our ministry.*

Sept. 29. The fleet was brought to anchor near Castle-William: that evening there was throwing of fky rockets, and those passing in boats observed great rejoicings, and that the *Yankey Doodle* song was the capital piece in their band of music.—This day his Majesty's council received a billet from Governor Bernard, requiring their attendance at Castle William, and informing them that the officers of his Majesty's fleet and army, would be present,—they attended accordingly, and notwithstanding all intimidation, adhered strictly to their votes, published in the last papers: The Governor's arts were ineffectual to induce them to give the least countenance to any troops being brought into Boston, as the Barracks at Castle William were sufficient to receive the whole of them arrived from Halifax.—The treatment they received from his Excellency, during their stay at the Castle, was very uncourtly, and even rude.

Sept. 30. Early this morning a number of boats were observed round the town, making soundings, &c.—At 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the Launceston of 40 guns, the Mermaid of 28, Glasgow 20, the Beaver 14, Senegal 14, Bonetta 10, several armed schooners, which, together with the Romney of 60 guns, and the other ships of war before in the harbour, all commanded by Capt. Smith, came up to town, bringing with them, the 14th regiment, Col. Dalrymple, and 29th regiment, Col. Carr; none having been disembarked at Castle Island,—so that we now behold Boston surrounded at a time of profound peace, with about 14 ships of war, *with springs on their cables, and their broadsides to the town!* If the people of England could but look into the town to see the utmost good order and observance of the laws, and that this mighty armament has no other rebellion to subdue, than what existed in the brain or letter of the inveterate G——r B——d, and the detested Comm——l——rs of the Board of C———s. What advantages the court of Versailles may take of the present policy of the British Ministry, can be better determined hereafter.

October 1. This morning, rumours that representations had gone from hence to General Gage at N— York, from our good friend, &c. that we are in a state of rebellion; an express it's said, has arrived in consequence, with advice that more troops may be expected from N— York.—Sheriff Greenleaf and his Deputy, pressing carts, &c. for the use of the troops; this and other motions, indicate that they meditate a landing this day, to encamp in the Common, in hopes of intimidating the magistrates to find them quarters, which they cannot force, until the Barracks are filled, without flying in the face of a plain act of parliament. At about 1 o'clock, all the troops landed under cover of the cannon of the ships of war, and marched into the Common, with muskets charged, bayonets fixed, colours flying, drums beating, and fifes, &c. playing, making with the train of artillery, upwards of 700 men.—In the afternoon it is said, an officer from the Colonel went to the Manufactory House, with an order from the Governor, and requested Mr. Brown and the other occupiers, to remove within two hours, that the troops might take possession; instead of a compliance the doors were barred and bolted against them. This evening the Selectmen were required by the Colonel, to quarter the two regiments in this town, which they absolutely refused, as his Majesty's council had done before, knowing that whoever should conduct, in violation of an act of parliament, must be answerable for the consequences.—The Colonel, as it is said, waving a demand for quartering, earnestly intreated, that, out of compassion to the troops, one regiment of which were without their camp equipage, they would allow Faneuil-Hall, and chambers, that and the following night, as a shelter from the weather. The next day being the Sabbath, on which all confusion should be avoided,—at 9 o'clock this night, they were permitted to enter said Hall, in which were a large number of stands of the town's arms: Thus the humanity of the city magistrates permitted them to a temporary shelter, which no menaces could have procured.

Oct. 2. Being Lord's Day, the town quiet, no disorders having arisen on any side.—This evening, by order of Governor Bernard, the Secretary of the province opened the Town House, and even the Representatives Chamber, for the reception of the troops.

From the NEW HAMPSHIRE GAZETTE, October 7, 1768.

Nil de Patria desperandum est.

GOVERNMENT is the business of *those* who are appointed to govern, and of *those* who are appointed to check and controul them, and it is not only the interest, but it is also the duty of every chief magistrate, who presides over any government, to pay a reverential regard to its constitution; and so conform his conduct to it, as neither to invade it himself, nor suffer it to be invaded by others: Such a respect for any particular constitution, and such a conscientious regard for the preservation of it, are in the *political*, like charity in the *religious* system; for as the performance of all other religious duties, will not avail in the sight of God without charity, so neither will the discharge of all other duties avail in the sight of man, without a faithful discharge of this *principal, constitutional duty*.

A people may entertain the most favourable sentiments of the honour and integrity of their governor, and yet with great propriety be jealous and tenacious of their sacred rights and privileges; lest by some hasty and sudden submission, they should suffer innovations to creep in upon their constitution, which may be hereafter urged as precedents, and subject to the arbitrary will of some future, tyrannical and despotic ruler. Thus it is both prudent and safe to preserve such a balance between the prerogative of the crown, and the rights of the people, as shall always maintain a steady and inviolable attachment to the reciprocal interest of both.

Amidst the many complaints exhibited against the late unconstitutional *Stamp Act*, it must be allowed, that some of the most interesting benefits which we now enjoy, already result from it, viz. THE PEOPLE ARE NOW ACQUAINTED WITH THE ORIGINAL PLAN of the *American Constitution* of Government. The unanimity with which the opposition to arbitrary measures was then urged, and the resolves of most of the assemblies throughout this continent, have convinced some late ministerial tools, that his Majesty's *American* subjects are *too loyal* to be tempted, and *too brave* to be enslaved! The people being now better informed of the nature of government, can better judge of their own importance, in supporting the dignity of their part of the legislature, and that their rights cannot be taken away by force, unless their representatives become *accomplices*, and basely betray their trusts. If ever the yoke of servitude is imposed upon them, they must not only hold out their necks to receive it, but must help to put it on—Therefore, if they should ever suffer their rights to be invaded, ravished, or stolen from them, they would incur greater blame, and by consequence deserve less pity, than any enslaved or oppressed people ever did;—the virtue of our ancestors to whom these advantages are owing, would but aggravate the guilt and infamy of their degenerate posterity.

A *free people* should be ever watchful of their privileges, and strive to establish an equilibrium, and preserve it upon a true basis;—it was this that supported the antient inhabitants of *Rome*, when they had occasion to assert the honour and dignity of their republic; they gloried in their *Liberties*, and made their CONSULS acknowledge, THEY WERE CHOSEN ONLY TO CONSULT THE GOOD OF THEIR CONSTITUENTS; and *Valerius Publicola*, one of these consuls, had such an awful sense of the majesty of the people, that he exerted himself with the warmest application to encrease the grandeur of that sacred appellation; and that he might not offend them, brought down his citadel, that was pleasantly situated on an eminence, into the lowest part of the town. Thus we see, that

VOX POPULI IS THE VOX DEI.

And thus it appears, that, for many ages past, the *Magistrates* venerated the *Voice of the People*, and used every measure to ingratiate themselves into public esteem, by a concurrence with every plan by which the interest of every individual might be advanced, and an affectionate cement established in the whole community.

If we take a retrospective view of the late policy of the *British* administration, with respect to *all Colonies*, we shall perceive new systems adopted to alienate their affections, and to spread an universal alarm amongst them: Envy and Distrust, have been *artfully* insinuated into the minds of the inhabitants of *Britain*, that the *Americans* grow and increase in numbers and riches, to that degree, that in a little while, *they will shake off* their allegiance, unless prevented *by an extraordinary Stretch of Power and Defpotism*; the Colonies, on the other hand, view their rights and privileges nearly expiring, their commerce and trade sinking, and oppression on every side increasing.

These calm and serene regions, once the seats of ease and contentment, are now *transformed* into gloomy and dismal scenes;—instead of the *civil*, we see a *military* government forming:—Can this be the result of *mature reflection* on the reciprocal interest of both *Britain* and *America*? Surely no: No step could be taken, that would *sooner* hasten on a revolution: But, we hope soon to see *Harmony* and *Union* RESTORED, by a removal of *the Veil*, which has *hitherto covered* and *protected the wiles of Parricides*. All these troubles commenced and originated among ourselves; it has been suggested, that many of our fetters and shackles were fabricated in the cabinet of *France*: But a little while, and our enemies will be *difcovered*; for our affairs are now drawing to such a *crisis*, that the *cries of America* will be TOO LOUD NOT TO BE HEARD, even in the palace where their petitions have not been presented.

IGNORANCE OF FACTS may keep *error* floating, as it were, on the surface of the mind, and may sometimes hinder the TRUTH from penetrating, or FORCE may maintain it in possession, when the mind assents to it no longer; but such absurd opinions, like human bodies, tend to their dissolution from their birth; they will soon be rejected in *theory*, where men can THINK, and in *practice*, where men can ACT, with freedom: We may be dragg'd into, and held down in these opinions, by *chains* of circumstances; break but those chains, and the mind returns, with a kind of intellectual elasticity, to its proper object, THE TRUTH: Thus will it be with *those* who have *falsely* represented AMERICA;—the TRUTH will stare them so fully in the face, that they will tremble and shudder at it, and even *wish themselves* annihilated; for, the *same popular indignation* that vents itself in the causes of oppression in *Great-Britain*, will have the *same influence* on oppressive measures in *America*.

If ever the assistance of *wise* councils was wanted, it is at *this Æra*, when the lives, liberties and fortunes of seven millions of his Majesty's *most loyal* and *useful* subjects are *in danger*! And, though we are not in such a state of Paganism as to worship them, as the apostle *Paul* was for his miracles, yet, I believe, *there ever lived*, who would reap the laurels of so many devoted hearts more sincerely, than *those* would, who should NOW rise up as the PATRONS OF AMERICA—And here let me applaud the prudence and wisdom of the late Convention at Boston, who, while they adhered to their rights, yet strongly recommended, Peace and Quietness to the people.

Candida Pax homines, trux decet ira feras.

Portsmouth, Oct 5. 1768. AMERICANUS.

ANNAPOLIS, *September* 8.

BY the public prints, from Virginia, it appears that there has been the most unjustifiable riots in, and about Norfolk, occasioned by some gentlemen's distress of having their families inoculated for the Small-Pox. After several meetings, the endeavours

it was agreed, that inoculation should be carried on at a house belonging to Dr. *Campbell*, about three miles from Town; and, to prevent the infection spreading, every precaution was taken; notwithstanding which, all the several patients had been inoculated, and under a course of physic, (many of them ladies, used to the most tender and delicate treatment) a number of persons armed, assembled, and ordered them away to a Pest House, about Five miles distant, not then cleansed from the filth and stench occasioned by a parcel of new Negroes, who had been lodged there a little time before, to be cured of the Small Pox Flux, and other epidemical disorders, ingrident to long voyages. The above distance, they had to walk in the night, during a severe gust, and heavy rain: neither could they have found the road, had it not been for the lightning, which was almost incessant. It is remarkable, that every patient recovered.

We are informed, by a gentleman from Norfolk, that the mob have since burnt Dr. *Campbell*'s house to the ground.

Providence, (Rhode-Island) Sept. 24. The hon. General Assembly of this colony, convened at Newport last week, prefered an humble address to his Majesty, setting forth the grievances the colonists labour under, by the late act of parliament, imposing duties on sundry articles imported from Great Britain, and praying redress. Two letters were likewise wrote to the Earl of Hillsborough, one on the subject above-mentioned, desiring him to lay the address before his Majesty, &c. the other in answer to that received from his lordship the last session of assembly, complaining of the Massachusetts circular letter: In this the house, far from viewing the letter in the unfavourable light represented by his Lordship, have approved of the sentiments therein contained, and lament that similar humble, dutiful and loyal address to the King, should be looked upon as of a seditious, disloyal, &c." Two circular letters were received from the Earl, mentioning the commissioner's complaints that they were obstructed in the execution of their office, to which an answer was directed to be given, assuring his Lordship that this colony knew of no such obstructions, or any reason for the commissioners complaining. Copies of letters were also ordered to be forwarded, giving an account of the proceedings of the colony, in regard to the disturbances by the mobs at New-York, and urging payment of the £. 2700 sterling, so long due to the colony, and of late demanded, 'till restitution should be made them, or the matter compromised.

Hartford, Oct. 1. Captain Salton-stall, arrived at New-London from Jamaica, informs, that he sailed from thence in company with Capt. Nichols, in a snow, bound for Newport, and owned there by Messieurs Joseph and William Wanton; that on Thursday last night, off the Capes of Delaware, in a thunder storm, a flash of lightning unhappily struck the snow and set fire to a quantity of rum and spirits between decks; the flames communicating themselves to the sails, she was instantly in a blaze, and a heavy sea running, Captain Salton-stall could not afford her any assistance, consequently all on board perished. A number of passengers were on board, among whom were Dr. Cooper, of Jamaica, a planter and his lady, and Mr. John Codding-ton, of Newport.

Hartford, Oct. 8. The active and prudent measures adopted by the town of Boston, and their resolution of still adhering to the act of parliament, with respect to quartering the soldiers, cannot but be highly applauded by all who sincerely wish well to the true interests of America, and may serve as an example of moderation to the other colonies, should they ever have the misfortune to labour under a like complication of miseries.—Such a conduct must convince to the world, that the Americans, tho' represented by their enemies to be in a state of insurrection, mean nothing more than to support those constitutional rights to which the laws of God and Nature intitle them; and when the measure of oppression and misfortune is full, and the dutiful supplications of an injured people shall have reached the gracious ear of their Sovereign may at length terminate in a glorious display of liberty.

Philadelphia, October 12. Letters from Fort Pitt, of the 29th ult. say, "That on the 17th, Ensigns Hamilton, and Trafey, having some words, a challenge ensued, and notwithstanding the endeavours of their brother officers, they could not be prevented taking their satisfaction, which they did the next morning; they were so eager that having moved but 100 yards beyond the centinels, they exchanged pistols, and fired so quick, that the party sent to bring them in prisoners, believed that but one pistol was fired, tho' it appears each shot at the other, and Ensign Trafey received a ball in the right breast, of which wound he died the 24 h in great misery—Mr. Hamilton's distress on this occasion, is beyond expression."

October 17. On Friday last the representatives of this province met agreeable to the laws and charter, and unanimously chose JOSEPH GALLOWAY, Esq; Speaker.

On Saturday the House appointed Mr. CHARLES MOORE their Clerk, and Mr. OWEN JONES, provincial Treasurer.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, and RICHARD JACKSON, Esqrs. were also appointed Agents, to transact the business of the province in London. And,

The same day the House adjourned to Monday the second day of January next.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in New-York, dated October 10. 1768.

"I don't remember a more ridiculous affair than the military parade at Boston.—The Boston people have got an adventure in a way they did not expect, and the infamous B —— d, and all that espoused the same arbitrary sanguinary measures are fairly hampered in their own contrivances. Now the troops, &c. are come, they can do nothing at all, nor can be the least protection or security to the commissioners, or any one else. The military gentlemen here, I mean those who espoused violent measures, and, to their honour be it spoken, they are few in number, seem a good deal chagrined about it, and when the whole affair comes to be known, the ministry and all their creatures must be equally objects of ridicule and detestation to all the world. The ministerial tools, and the soldiery, who think an act of parliament will warrant them for cutting our throats, and violating every right the British constitution entitles us to, are by an act of parliament, under the severest penalties, restrained from presuming to quarter soldiers upon private houses, which is wholly to be done by the civil magistrates. Governor B——d himself cannot do it without the consent of his council, which they having, as in duty bound, absolutely refused, he and his creatures are become objects of derision, though they are swelling ready to burst with rage.

"It gives pain to the inhabitants of Boston, as well as this city, that the ministry should hint his Majesty's troops upon so unwarrantable an errand that they cannot receive that relief, which would otherwise be shewn them for their heroism and intrepidity against the enemies of our common country (Great-Britain Island, and the colonies) during the late war, which has always been paid them on former occasions."

Philadelphia, October 20. By accounts from New-Orleans we learn, that the troops from Spain were not arrived there the beginning of September; but that some of the French troops had entered into the Spanish service; and that a decree of the court of Spain was just come to hand, concerning the trade of that colony, the substance of which was, that from the first of April last, no permission would be granted to any French vessels to go there; and that therefore all their trade must be carried on directly with Spain.

Extract of a Letter from St. John's, Newfoundland, dated September 20 1768.

"*On the 15th instant we had a very extraordinary gale of wind which has done considerable damage; it began about S. S. E and S. E the severity of which was felt from 3 o'clock 'till 40 minutes after 5 in the morning, when the wind suddenly shifted to S. S. W. and S. W. which occasioned almost every vessel in the harbour to drift; even the Guernsey, in which our Governor presides as Commodore —— Several vessels were forced on shore by the violence of the gale all of which were got off save one, a Snow, Captain Chevalier, from London that is dismasted.*

"*A Brig from Trinity in this island bound out a banking, was drove into the Narrows of this harbour, and there beat to pieces; four of her hands were drowned, the rest saved themselves by climbing up the rocks.*

"*Our advices from the Northward are not very authentic; but, from what we can yet gather most of the vessels are drove ashore, and a number of boats lost From the Bay of Bulls we hear for a certainty, eleven sail are ashore four of which are expected to be got off; they chiefly belong to the West of England and 17 people are drowned. One banking Schooner, belonging to Dartmouth, which sailed the evening before, is lost, and all on board perished on the South point of Petty Harbour. Several others, that sailed about the same time are supposed to have shared the same fate as it was impossible to carry any sail The Pearl Frigate, from the Southward, met with several disasters in the gale*

"*Our advices from the Southward are, that all the vessels at Ferryland and Renowen are ashore, except one or two of which cannot be so particular, 'till I hear further —— It certainly was the hardest gale ever known here. A ship is seen by her masts only out of which some persons have been drowned and taken up. Many wrecks are seen along the coast; some of them not as yet discovered to whom or where belonging. It was extraordinary to think with what force the wind blew; had it continued a little longer, not one vessel I imagine could have been safe It has done considerable damage to our flakes, stages, wharves, boats &c.*

New Advertisements.

GEORGE WOOD,

BOOK-BINDER and STATIONER,

IN ELLIOTT-STREET,

Has just imported in the Friendship, Capt. Samuel Ball, jun. from LONDON:

A LARGE and compleat ASSORTMENT of

STATIONARY WARE,

Consisting of almost every Article in that Branch:

WRITING PAPER of all kinds used, gilt and plain, warranted of the best quality; all sorts of blank books, bound in rough calf skin, ruled and plain, parchment ditto, &c.——a neat collection of BOOKS, among which are the best Greek, Latin, French and English dictionaries, by various authors;—Greek, Latin, French and English classicks, ditto, large folio bibles with cuts, Henry on the bible, Burket on the new testament, Stackhouse's history of the bible, with cuts, Flavell's works, Ambrose's ditto, bibles of all sizes, in all variety of bindings, common prayer books ditto, Watts's psalms and hymns, ditto, harmonia sacra, or a choice collection of psalm and hymn tunes, Holdroyd's companion ditto, &c. the new whole duty of man, Sherlock on death, Drelincourt on do. confession of faith, Harvey's meditations, family instructor, moral miscellany, new manual of devotion, Jenks's devotion, Nelson's ditto, a week's preparation for the sacrament, in two parts, Tillotson's sermons, Evans's ditto, Scott's ditto, Paradise lost, death of Abel, Seneca's morals, Jacob's law dictionary, Shaw's justice, every man his own lawyer, Salmon's geographical grammar, Gazetteer ditto, Wilson's surveying, Love's ditto, preceptor, Cocker's arithmetick, Wingate's ditto, Webster's ditto, Hill's ditto, Fisher's ditto, Wise's ditto, Mason's book-keeping, Dilworth's ditto, Cook's ditto, Fisher's young man's companion, Wise's ditto, London dispensatory, every man his own physician, Kennett's Roman antiquities, complete house wife, art of cookery by a lady, Tully's offices in English, Pope's works, spectator, Butler's hudibras, Gay's fables, Æsop's ditto, Robinson Crusoe, complete letter writer, Ovid's art of love, Tom Jones, Roderick Random, Peregrine Pickle, Sir Charles Grandison, Pamela, Clarissa Harlowe, Arabian nights entertainments, Atkinson's epitome, mariners calendar, mariners compass, seaman's daily assistant, West-India pilot, Moliere's works, French and English, Telemachus, ditto, Tournefort's voyages, Ray's travels, Miller's gardeners kalendar, the farmers compleat guide, Smollet's history of England, octavo, 15 vols, Langley's designs of architecture, Bartlett's farriery, Champion's penman's employment, ditto complete alphabets, the complete drawing book, the whole art of drawing ditto, paints in shells, gold leaf, four sheet maps of the world, from the newest observations, with rollers, ditto of Europe, ditto of North-America, ditto of North and South-America, ditto of Asia, ditto of Africa, ditto, a great variety of song books, ditto of small picture books for children, entertaining and instructive, a large assortment of single plays, violins, and strings for ditto.

He has likewise to dispose of,

a collection of curious BOOKS, consisting of histories, voyages, travels, liver, memoirs, novels, plays, &c. which he will sell very cheap.

N. B. *Good allowances to School Masters, or others, that take a quantity.*

☞ BOOK-BINDING, carried on in all its branches, gilt or plain, in morocco, calf, or vellum;—ledgers and journals of all sizes, and all manner of blank books done agreeable to orders, *on the shortest notice*, (the paper warranted to be good) as usual, and at as *reasonable rates as any in the province can afford.*

TO BE SOLD at Auction,

At the usual place in Charles-Town, on Thursday next, the 10th of November instant:

A LARGE QUANTITY of FINE SALT, in lots of One Hundred bushels; To be delivered immediately, from on board the Ship *Kingston*, Capt. *Thompson*, at Mr. *Champneys's* Wharf.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Comp.

Thomas Legaré,

JUST returned from the Northward in perfect health, takes this first opportunity of acquainting his friends, and all others that may choose to employ him, that he continues to carry on the FACTORAGE BUSINESS; and by his strict attention to the interest of his employers, hopes to give as general satisfaction as he has hitherto done.

TO BE SOLD, at Vendue on board, on Monday the 14th of November, at Noon:

THE Brigantine GREENOCK, condemned on survey. Particulars of the Vessel and Materials, may be seen on board, or in the hands of

OATS & RUSELL.

For LONDON,

THE SHIP

QUEEN CHARLOTTE,

JOHN CHAMBERLING *Master*,

(Having very good accommodations for Passengers.)

FOR Freight or Passage, apply to Mr. ROBERT SMITH, at Mr. Maffey's, in Meeting-street, or to said Master on board, at Mr. Burn's wharf.

TWO THOUSAND POUNDS to be let at interest, on good personal security. Apply by letter, to the Printer of this Paper, mentioning the parties names.

For LONDON,

(To sail one of the first Ships.)

The Ship MARY,

Captain JAMES GORDON,

FOR Freight of Indico, Deerskins, or for Passage, apply to Captain Gordon, or to JOHN FORBES, & Comp.

JUST IMPORTED,

And to be Sold on board the Ship BRICE, JOHN MUIR master, at Capt. Roper's Wharf:

ENGLISH BRICKS, fine SALT, CHEESE, Loaf Sugar in Hogsheads, Bristol bottled BEER, a parcel of Ships brass Compasses: All which will be disposed of reasonably.

TO BE SOLD, at public Vendue, on Tuesday the 29th of November inst. at the usual place in Charles Town:

A TRACT of LAND, containing 200 acres formerly belonging to *James Parker* deceased, in Christ-Church parish, joining to the East, West and North on *Mark Oliver's* land, and to the Southward on *John Bruce's* land, near Cooper-River. —— Also a SCOW-BOAT, about 20 tons burthen, and draws about 6 feet water when deep loaded. Whoever is inclinable to purchase, may see the titles in the hands of JAMES AMOSS.

Who will undertake to sell Negroes, Lands, Town Lots, Estates or Effects, at vendue, on the usual commissions by the day or job, when he is not engaged with Samuel Prioleau, jun. & Comp. as he has been 6 years in the business, and hopes to meet with encouragement, by giving satisfaction to those who please to employ him.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of GEORGE BEDON, late of Charles Town, merchant deceased, are desired to discharge the same immediately; and those who have any demands against the said estate, are desired to make known the same, to JAMES SIMMONS, *Executor.*

TO BE SOLD, at public Vendue, on Thursday the 8th of December next, at the House of the Subscriber on the Bay:

PART of the PERSONAL ESTATE of Capt HENRY RICHARDSON, deceased, consisting of a very good coasting SCOONER, well found, with all her appurtenances, known by the name of the PITT, with four valuable Boatmen, belonging to the same: Also sundry other articles.

Six months credit will be given to the purchasers of the schooner and negroes, paying interest, and giving approved security, if required, to

ELIZABETH RICHARDSON, *Executrix.*

THE LANDS and HOUSES in Charles-Town, being part of the real estate of WILLIAM HALL, deceased, which were advertised to have been sold on the 25th of October last, WILL be SOLD, by public outcry, at the Vendue-House, on Wednesday the 23d instant, November, between the hour of *Eleven* and *One* o'clock.

SUSANNAH HALL, *Executrix.*
GEORGE SHEED, *Executor.*

THE STOCK OF GOODS of JAMES DRUMMOND, is to be sold at *Eight for One*, cash, to any person taking a Hundred Pounds value together.

TO BE SOLD, at public outcry, on Thursday the 17th instant, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at one of Mr. Burn's back-stores on the bay, a few Hundred-weight of SARSAPARILLA, by

OATS & RUSSEL.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Sloop SALLY, PETER SCHERMERHORN, *Master, from* New-York, *and to be sold by said Master, at* Thomas Hayes's *wharf (late* Ebenezer Simons *Esq'rs) Wharf*

SUPER FINE FLOUR, Ship, Milk and Water Bread, Cheese, Loaf Sugar, New York Beer, in Barrels; Geneva, in Barrels and Cases, Starch, Bar Iron, Brass Dogs and Fenders, &c. &c.

N. B. Said Sloop will sail in 14 days for NEW-YORK. For Freight or Passage, apply to PETER SCHERMERHORN Master, on board.

THERE is a vacancy for schooling one CHILD, by the SOUTH-CAROLINA SOCIETY.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, Clerk.

Joshua Lockwood,

HAS just imported, in the BERMUDAS, *Captain* CURLING, *from* LONDON

A VERY CURIOUS ASSORTMENT

OF CLOCKS AND WATCHES: Amongst which are, a gold Stop-Watch, with seconds in the center, some eight-day spring Alarums, very useful to wake persons at any hour of the night they desire.

A neat assortment of Stone Buckles, Watch Chains, Seals, &c.

A very large assortment of Pocket Pistols, some of them of a new construction, and mounted in silver. And,

A curious silver-mounted Gun, with a gold touch hole, the barrel four feet long, and carrying an ounce and quarter ball.

To be Sold,

And may be entered upon immediately;

A PLANTATION in Christ-Church parish, containing 837 acres, formerly belonging to John Daniel; it is exceeding good land and well timbered, has several thousand cords of oak and hickory fire wood on it, is not more than six miles from Charles Town, and very convenient to several good landings: The market might be attended to great advantage, and a handy boat, with proper management, may, with safety, make a trip every day to town with wood: There is very good clay for brick-making on it, and a brick yard already settled, with a reservoir of water for damming the cattle that tread the clay; a great quantity of wood for burning brick and lime very near the brick-field; also a small dwelling house, kitchen, and other out-houses, a good barn and corn house, and every convenient building needful on a plantation.

One, two, or three years credit will be given, with interest and approved security.

JOHN ROSE.

TO BE SOLD, at public Vendue,

At the usual place in Charles Town, on Thursday the 24th of November next: The following valuable LANDS and HOUSES belonging to the estate of ALEXANDER PETRIE, *deceased; and sold in pursuance of his last Will, viz.*

A Large Brick corner HOUSE fronting the Bay and Elliott-street, with back buildings thereto belonging, being under lease to Mr. Elias Vanderhorst, at £. 120 sterling, per annum; to be paid yearly, on the Royal Exchange of London if required, of which lease near seven years are yet unexpired.

A brick TENEMENT, adjoining to the above, on the Bay, at present possessed by Mrs Petrie, consisting of five good rooms above stairs, and a large double shop below, with sundry fixtures belonging to the Silversmith's business; also a very good kitchen, with two rooms above, all of brick.

Several SMALL LOTTS, in a pleasant, airy situation, betwixt Broad-street and Tradd street; each lott being 32 feet front on Orange-street, and 111 feet deep.

The conditions of the sale, will be twelve months credit, with interest, and such security as shall be required, by

ROBERT BRISBANE.
ROBERT PHILP.
JAMES LAURENS.

A great Variety of SILVER-SMITH's TOOLS, of the best London make, and nearly as good as new, belonging to the said estate, will be sold, at private sale, very cheap; any person taking the whole, may have them a great bargain.

For LONDON,

Or the MARKETS,

THE SHIP

CHARMING BETSEY,

GIDEON DUNCAN *Master.*

Carmened and fitted out from this Port.

BURTHEN about 700 barrels of Rice; will sail, if required, in fifteen days.—Any person inclinable to freight either all, or part of said Ship, may apply to said Master, at Mr. DAVID LIND's, at Hobcaw.

☞ THE sale of NEGROES, advertised by Mr. *Charles Warham*, to be on the 10th instant, is postponed

SALES by the Provost-Marshal.

On Tuesday the 22d day of November instant, WILL BE SOLD, at public Vendue, at the usual place in Charles Town:

THREE HUNDRED acres of LAND, on the North side of Great Pedee River on Muddy-Creek, bounded on all sides by land vacant at the time of the grant: Late the property of PATRICK SMITH, and sold under execution, by ROG. PINCKNEY, *Pro. Mar.*

CHARLES TOWN, *November 7.*

THE price of New Rice is current Three Pounds Ten shillings per 100 weight: Five or six vessels are loading at that price; and the following quantities have already been cleared out at the Custom-House, viz. 28 barrels for St. Auguſtine, 14 for New-York, and 354½ for London.

Since our laſt, we have advice of the arrival of more of the King's troops from Penſacola at St. Auguſtine, and that two of the tranſports ſuffered much in the gale of the 28th paſt; one of them a ſloop, Capt. Chambers maſter, loſt her maſt.

Captain Stephenſon, who arrived here laſt Thurſday from Newcaſtle, on the 8th paſt, in Lat. 41. 30 Long. 51, ſpoke with His Majeſty's Cutter the Suſanna, Lieut. Ingles, then ſix weeks out from England, for Boſton.

Tueſday laſt returned from the Northward, in the Brigt. Peggy, Capt. Maſon, Mr. Thomas Legaré, Mr. Plowden Weſton, Mr. John Corrie, Mr. Daniel Bourdeaux, Mr. Arnoldus Vanderhorſt, with ſeveral other paſſengers: And on Friday, in the Sloop Sally, Capt. Peter Schermerhorn, Mr. Porcher, Mr. Miles, &c.

George Mills, Eſq; Inſpector-General of the Cuſtoms for the Southern Diſtrict of North-America, returned here, ſince our laſt from Georgia.

Friday laſt arrived in the Ship Brice, Capt. Muir, from Briſtol, the Rev. Mr. Evans, as Miniſter to the Society of General Baptiſts in this Town. In the ſame Ship came 26 paſſengers, who are going to ſettle on the plantations in Eaſt Florida, belonging to Dennis Rolle, Eſq; member of parliament for Barnſtable.

A Schooner from the Bay of Honduras, one Brown maſter, out 90 days, and in great diſtreſs, belonging to Rhode Iſland, is put into Savannah in Georgia. A Schooner from Grenada, with Slaves; and a Schooner from Providence, are arrived there. And a Sloop from the Weſt-Indies, with Slaves, is arrived at Sunbury in the ſame province.

Laſt Thurſday Mr. James Lyton Richards, of Stono, was married to Mrs. Elizabeth Pagett, relict of Mr. Henry Pagett, of the ſame place.

Laſt Saturday night died, Capt. William Kenny, of the ſhip Amity's Advice, which put in here the 18th paſt, in diſtreſs, from Jamaica bound for London.

The Brigt. Chance, Capt. Baſt, from Briſtol is arrived at George-Town.

Marine Liſt.

Nov.	Arrivals at Charles-Town	From
1st	Brigt. Peggy, Tho. Maſon,	Philadelphia
2d	Schooner Mary-Ann, Geo. Haig,	Georgia
3d	Brig. Carolina, Hugh Stephenſon,	Newcaſtle
	Schooner Sally, James Mercer,	Georgia
4th	Ship Brice, John Muir,	Briſtol
	Ship King George, John Langley,	Jamaica
	Snow Peacock, Davis Hewſon,	Georgia
	Sloop Sally, Peter Schermerhorn,	New York
5th	Brigt. Pr. Frederick, James Watt,	Newcaſtle
6th	Schooner Betſey, Hen. Rogers,	St. Auguſtine
	Schooner Rachel & Mary, W. Baker,	Cape-Fear

Nov.	Sailed,	For
2d.	Schooner Little Nancy, Jof. Thomſon,	Providence
	Sloop Benjamin, Nath. Dickinſon,	St. Kitts
3d.	Schooner Diamond, Tho. Diamond,	St. Auguſtine
5th.	Schooner Liberty, Rich. Churchill,	Georgia
	Sloop Sally, Jeſſe Hunt,	New York

Remain windbound or clearing. *For*

Ship King George, John Langley, Philadelphia
Brigt. Friendſhip, Tho. Dow, London

Way bill (or be loaded) this week. *For*

Ship Cygnet, James Smith, London
Brigt. Auguſtine Pr. Rich. Savery, London
Brigt. Terrel, Thomas Arwin, Antigua
Brig. Peggy, Tho. Maſon, Philadelphia
Schooner Mary, John Doran, St. Auguſtine
Sloop Charles-Town, John Leaycraft, London
Sloop 2 Brothers, Elijah Stepherdſon, Rhode-Iſl.
Sloop Hawke, Joſeph Emerſon, Boſton
Sloop Hope, John Roberts, Penſacola
Schooner Sally, James Anderſon, Georgia
Schooner Juno, John McKenzie, St. Auguſtine

Other Veſſels in Port.

Ship Black-Caſtle, John Smith,
Ship Carolina Packet, Wm. White, London
Ship Walworth, Conolly M'Cauſland, Cowes
Ship America, John Rainier, London
Ship Fame, William Thornton, Lisbon
Ship Charm Betſey, Gideon Duncan, London
Ship Betſey & Polly, James Bailey,
Ship Mary, James Gordon, London
Ship Friendſhip, James Cowan,
Ship Beaufain, Daniel Curling, London
Ship Lilly, Hercules Angus, Liſbon
Ship Wm. & Eliz. David Young, Antigua
Ship Kingſton, Benj. Thompſon, Goſport
Ship Qu. Charlotte, Jo. Chamberling, London
Brigt. Jenny, Robert Eſon,
Brigt. Lydia, John Haywood
Brigt. Philadelphia Packet, Benj. Clifford,
Brigt. Anne, John Mackfield,
Briet. Charming Betſey, John Deveireux,
Schooner Patty, Paul Preſton,
Schooner Betſey, Ben. Appelbie, St. Kitts
Schooner Hopewell, Robert Gray,
Sloop Montagu, Richard Todd, Jamaica
Sloop Polly, John Conyers,
Sloop Fox, Eliſha Hinman, Sunbalm
Sloop Belarius, Benj. Penſton,
Sloop 2 Arthurs, John Rowney, Liverpoole
Sloop Abigail, John Rains,
Sloop Suky & Nancy, Joſ. Dickinſon, Antigua
Sloop Rainbow, Nath. Sexton,
Sloop Wm. & Mary, William Preſtar,

Diſtreſſed Veſſels put in. *For*

Ship Amity's Advice. London
Brigt. Greenock, John Diniſton, Briſtol

Arrivals from this Port. At

Ship St. Helena, George Arthur, Cowes
Brigt Katharine, Peter Dobſon, New York

Inward Entries at *Savannah, Georgia, from 5th to 26th of October,* From

Oct. 5 Brig. Gambia, John Keaſt, Senegambia
10th. Ship George a Packet, Geo. Anderſon, London
Sloop Betſey, Nehemiah Stiltings, Boſton
12th Schooner Orpheus, David Drummond, St. Kitts
13th. Brigt. William & Rose, John Sutton, Barbados
14th. Sloop Earl of Bute, Jon. Harvey jun. Boſton
22d. Brig Ruby, Thomas Bragg, Barbados
Ship Mary, Edward Forbes, Jamaica
Brig Lord Pulteney, James Breton, St Vincent

Cleared out, at the ſame Port. For

Oct. 8 Brig. Gambia, John Keaſt, Liverpoole
21ſt. Brig Montagu, John Langford, Jamaica

Inward Entries at *Brunſwic, N. Carolina, from Oct. 22d, to Nov. 4th,* From

Oct. 25 Sloop Orange, Garret Sandicker, Grenada
27th Schoo. Ann, John Follet, Briſtol
29th. Brig. Lancaſhire Witch, Mark Moſes, Jamaica

Cleared out, at the ſame Port. For

Nov. 3. Schooner Cha. Peggy, Hector M'Kaſſey, Jamaica
Sloop Nancy, Harold Blackmore, Jamaica

Arrivals from other Ports.

From NORTH-CAROLINA. Green, Riley, Cole, Brookway Turner, and Derickſon, at *New-York*. Allen, Neſbitt, Woolridge, Hanſon, Ward, M'Cunn, and Turner, at *Philadelphia*. Lamſon, Vinall, Callender, Payne, Crane, and Hudſon, at *Boſton*. Spinning, and Holland, at *Piſcataqua*.

From NEW-PROVIDENCE. Sawyer, at *Rhode-Iſland*. Adams, and D. Newton, at *New-York*. Green, at *Philadelphia*.

From NEW-ORLEANS. Randal, and Walker, at *New York*.

From ST AUGUSTINE. Fraſer, at *New York*.

New Advertiſements.

FOUR Caſks of nine, ten, eleven, and twelve-Inch SPIKE NAILS, to be ſold cheap, by

HARLESTON & BONNEAU.

TO BE SOLD by private Contract, *The following* LANDS *belonging to the Eſtate of* JACOB BOND, *Eſq; deceaſed*;

A PLANTATION in Chriſt-Church pariſh, containing about 280 acres more or leſs, butting and bounding to the eaſtward on lands of Charles Pinckney, Eſq; to the ſouthward on lands of George Paddon Bond, to the northward on lands of John Roſe, and to the weſt on Wacheſaw creek, and on lands of the ſaid John Roſe. It is very good land for corn, rice and indico, very convenient to a landing, and not more than five miles from Charles Town; the market might be attended to great advantage.

Likewiſe, Twelve hundred acres of LAND, contained in four ſeparate tracts on Black-River, adjoining lands of Mr. Serré, to be ſold together or ſeparate.

One or two years credit will be given, paying intereſt, with approved Security

GEORGE PADDON BOND, } Executors.
JOHN ROSE, }

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

By Order of His Honour the Lieu. Governor.

Notice is hereby given,

TO all perſons having any demands on the PUBLIC of this province, to deliver in accompts of the ſame, upon oath, on or before the 1ſt of *January* next, in order to be laid before the commons houſe of aſſembly.

JACOB MOTTE, *Public Treaſurer.*

For LONDON,

(To ſail with the firſt of the Crop)

THE SHIP

BEAUFAIN,

DANIEL CURLING, *Maſter.*

FOR Freight of Indico or Deerſkins, or for Paſſage, apply to ſaid Maſter, or

WILLIAM & NICHOLAS,
AARON LOOCOCK.

Notice is hereby given,

TO the proprietors of Lands and Low-Water Flats, or truſtees for any ſuch, on which the Fortification Line is built, from Granville's-Baſtion to the wharf of Thomas Lamboll, Eſq; THAT WE, the Commiſſioners appointed for valuing ſuch lands and low water flats, are ready to receive their claims; and therefore deſire every one, who has not been already ſatisfied, to give in the ſame, and to ſhew their rights and titles, to either of us, as ſoon as poſſible, in order that their damages may be aſcertained to the beſt of our judgment.

ISAAC MAZYCK.
GABRIEL MANIGAULT.
BENJAMIN SMITH.
JOHN SAVAGE.
THO. SMITH, (Broad-ſtreet.)

To be Sold,

A TRACT of LAND, ſituate on Long-Bay, in Craven county, containing 1157 acres, old meaſure, more or leſs, butting and bounding eaſtwardly, partly on Mr Wickham's land, and partly on Long-Bay; ſouthward on Mr. William Ballicn's; northward on Mr. Charnock's land; and to the weſt on vacant land; late the property of George Rivers. Said land is eſteemed very good for corn and indico. For further particulars, apply in Charles Town, to

JOHN EDWARDS, & Co.

Advertiſements.

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN,

IS framing a very long WHARF or KEY at the North End of the Town, between 8 and 900 Feet in Length (from North to South) on the River, at the End whereof any Ship that comes over the Bar may lie, from one End to the other, fully loaded, and hawl off at any Time of Tide; and will be much obliged to Gentlemen *any Way concerned in Veſſels*, for their BALLAST, delivered at ſaid Wharf, where there is every neceſſary Convenience for diſcharging with the greateſt Diſpatch.

N. B. *Ten or a Dozen large Veſſels can be diſcharged together, very readily and conveniently.*

For LONDON.

The Ship AMERICA,

JOHN RAINIER Maſter.

(Will ſail by the 10th or 20th of November, at fartheſt.)

FOR Freight of Indico, Deerſkins, or Paſſage (having good accommodations) apply to ſaid Maſter, or to

ANDREW LORD.

THE Aſſeſſors and Collectors of the GENERAL TAX for the pariſhes of ST. PHILIP and ST. MICHAEL, *Charles Town*,

Hereby GIVE NOTICE,

THAT they will have finiſhed their reſpective liſts by TUESDAY the 22d of next Month; at which time a duplicate thereof will be poſted at the Guard-Houſe, for the *Ten following days*, being to the time preſcribed by Law: During which time, they will attend at the houſe of Mr. *Eliſha Poinſett*, from the hours of *Nine* to Twelve in the forenoon, and from *Two* to *Five* in the afternoon, in order that all perſons who think themſelves over rated, may ſwear off.

And they give this FURTHER NOTICE, That they will begin to attend to receive the Taxes at the ſaid houſe, on MONDAY the 12th of *December* next and to continue as the law directs, at the hours above-mentioned.

THOMAS SAVAGE,
WILLIAM MAZYCK,
ARTHUR PERONNEAU,
JOSEPH VERREE,
ELIAS VANDERHORST.

October 28th, 1768.

ROBERT SMYTH,

HATH TO DISPOSE OF, ON REASONABLE TERMS,

JAMAICA RUM, in puncheons;—14 ditto in quarter barrels;—*London* and *New York Madera* WINE, in pipes and quarter-pipes;—Old Victoria, Rhenish, Mountain, Claret, Red Port, Frontiniack, and other WINES.——About 20,000 feet of MAHOGANY;—Coniac Brandy, Arrack, Muſcovado Sugar, Coffee, &c.

William Gibbes

INFORMS his Friends, That he ſtill continues the *FACTORAGE BUSINESS* in all its branches, on the uſual commiſſions; and has a ſufficient number of very good SCOONERS to comply with the orders of his Friends, in bringing their crops to market: He will be much obliged to thoſe who ſhall favour him with their buſineſs, and they may depend on the greateſt punctuality.

He has to ſell, good *Jamaica* and *Weſt India* RUM, and choice Muſcovado SUGAR, by the hogſhead or barrel, and very fine old *Madera* WINE, in bottles.

☞ HE wants an OVERSEER, for a plantation fifteen miles from Charles-Town, a ſteady man, with a good recommendation; if he has a few Negroes, they will be taken on hire, or ſhares.

Atkins & Weſton,

HAVE juſt imported, in the ſhip Carolina-Packet, *captain* White, *from* London:

TWO very large and compleat ASSORTMENTS OF GOODS: which, with Rum, Sugar, Wine, Salt, &c. &c. they will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms, both at their Stores at STONO and CHARLES TOWN.

TO BE SOLD,

(Under the COST AND CHARGES)

TWO FRENCH CHAIRS; two Sofas, and three Curtains, complete; with rich carved cornices, covered with crimſon Silk Damaſk, and ſpare check covers.—Good Bills of Exchange, or Rice, will be taken in payment, or credit given, paying intereſt, if required. Enquire of

t.f. THOMAS GADSDEN.

JAMES L. RICHARDS,

HAVING removed from *Stone-Bridge* deſires all perſons any ways indebted to him, forthwith to ſettle and pay their reſpective debts to Mr. John Cox there, who is properly authoriſed to give diſcharges.

Benjamin Hawes,

DESIRES all who are indebted to him on his private concern, to diſcharge the ſame as ſoon as poſſible; and thoſe to whom he is indebted, to call and receive payment.

The books of his copartnerſhip with Mr. FRAGG, are already put into the hands of *Thomas Todd* in order to be ſettled: And the books of his copartnerſhip with Mr. ROOKER, will, as ſoon as they can be brought up, be put into the hands of one who will be properly authoriſed to ſettle the ſame.

He likewiſe acquaints his friends and the public, That he carries on by himſelf, at his houſe behind the Old Church, the COACH and HARNESS-MAKING, together with the PAINTER's and GLAZIER's BUSINESS, in all their ſeveral branches; and as he has provided himſelf with good workmen, he makes no doubt of giving ſatisfaction to whoever will be pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom.

JAMES DRUMMOND, of Tradd-ſtreet, having made over his effects and books to Meſſrs. SMITH & HUNT, in truſt for *Samuel Robinſon & Comp.* of *London*: All perſons indebted to the ſaid *James Drummond*, are deſired immediately to pay the ſame to Mr. SMITH: Thoſe to whom he is indebted, to apply likewiſe.——The STOCK to be diſpoſed of entirely with which credit will be given.

N.B. Likewiſe the STOCK of Goods on hand at his country ſtores, at Pon-pon and Cainhoy.

For SALE.

EITHER part, or the whole of a LOT of LAND, ſituate in Georgeſtreet, Anſonborough, one hundred feet front, and one hundred and ſixty-two deep. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply to

JOHN MATTHEWES.

Who hereby acquaints his Friends, he has not yet ſold his Negro Shoemakers, therefore can ſupply them with Boots, Shoes, &c. as uſual.

Likewiſe for Sale, a quiet orderly Negro Wench, a good waſher. Enquire as above.

GRIFFITH & CAPE,

HAVE IMPORTED,

In the ſhip MARY, *Capt.* GORDON, *from* London;

A CARGO OF GOODS,

Fit for the WINTER SEASON;

Among which are the following articles, viz.

BROAD CLOTHS with trimmings, among which is a piece of ſcarlet-colour on one ſide, and blue on the other;—duffil and bed blankets, fine blue and white cotton and chints bed furniture, blue and white callicoes, double purple ditto, India chints, fine white callico and chints, bed bunts, cotton counterpanes, womens fluff coats, duffil and fearnought great coats, ditto jerkins, mattraſſes, mens new faſhioned hats, boys caſtor and beaver ditto, felt ditto, coarſe yarn hoſe, mens and womens worſted, cotton and thread ditto, cyprus, figured and ſtriped gauze, gauze handkerchiefs, minionet lawns, Barcelona handkerchiefs, figured mode, crimſon figured ſattin, half yard and half ell bombazine, straw-coloured manchu, black alamode, fine black paduſoy, green, black, white, blue, cream-coloured and ſtriped India perſians, blond lace, black ditto, Ruſſell's chint, chint hats, ſcarlet cloaks and cardinals, flowered mode cardinals, ſattin ditto, faſhionable black ſattin bonnets and hats, plain and figured ribbons, Whitechapel and common needles, mens neat buck and doe-ſkin London-made breeches, brown rolls, Iriſh oſnabrugs and ſheeting linen, huckaback, Iriſh and Hamburgh diaper, damaſk and diaper table cloths, neat ſuits of damaſk tabling, long lawns, book muſlin, Iriſh linen of all prices, neat ſetts of table and tea china, enamelled and blue and white china tureens, ditto plates, bowls, cups and ſaucers, Crowley's broad hoes and falling axes, and other iron ware; a aſſortment of pewter, large mahogany ſconce glaſſes with gilt edges, dreſſing and ſhaving ditto, mahogany waiters, fine hyſon and bohea tea, blue raiſins of the ſun in jars and caſks, currants in jars, almonds, black pepper, ſingle refined loaf ſugar, mens neat ſaddles, portmanteaus, neat fowling pieces and piſtols, Oronoko and common tobacco, beſt Scots pigtail ditto, juſt imported in the Jeanie, Capt. Elſon, from Greenock, high and low dried Scots ſnuff, ſhot of all ſizes; a aſſortment of drinking glaſſes, tumblers, decanters, &c. womens purple gloves, white ditto, blank books, writing paper, Mogull and Henry the VIII. playing cards; walnuts, capers, gerkins, ketchup, ſweet oil in quart and pint bottles Durham muſtard, Turlington's balſam, linſeed oil in jugs, roll brimſtone, white lead in oil, lampblack, Flanders ticks, gilt trunks, portmantua ditto, ivory combs, tortoiſe ſhell ditto in caſes, knives and forks, razors in ſilk ſkin caſes, ſhaving boxes, powder machines, backgammon tables, ſhot pouches, cloaths of ſkeins, linen and cotton ſtrigs and checks, clear lawns, cambricks, with ſundry other articles; which they will ſell, at their ſtore on the BAY, on ſuch terms, as they hope, will be ſatisfactory to their cuſtomers; whom they will always endeavour to oblige, and hope for a continuance of their favours.

They have for ſale, Madera and Vidonia WINE, by the pipe, quarter caſk or dozen, warranted good, alſo Jamaica and Weſt India RUM, Muſcovado SUGAR, &c. &c.

N. B. *They have alſo imported, a ſmall Aſſortment of* LONDON CORDAGE, *conſiſting of 6 and 7 inch cables and ſmall rope; which they will ſell at* £. 11 10 *s. per* 100 *Weight.*

A parcel of COPPER PLATE LINENS, *fit for the Spaniſh trade to be exchanged for other goods, or ſold at prime coſt, for caſh.*

TO BE SOLD, at public Vendue, at the uſual place in Charles Town on Wedneſday the 23d of November, to pay the creditors;

ALL the Wearing Apparel, Jewells, &c. of CATHARINE BACKHOUSE, deceaſed, conſiſting of a large quantity, and moſt of them new; alſo two cypreſs Desks, a Teleſcope, and ſundry other articles.

THOMAS ELFE, *Executor.*

ALL perſons who are any ways indebted to the eſtates of WILLIAM CARTWRIGHT & WILLIAM-RICHARD FORD, deceaſed, both late of St. Bartholomew's pariſh, are deſired to make immediate payment: And all thoſe to whom the ſaid eſtates are indebted, are requeſted to ſend in their accompts, properly atteſted, to

KEZIAH FORD, *or*
THOMAS RADCLIFFE Jun.

T. LOWDER,

Late MIDWIFE and APOTHECARY to *St Peter's* HOSPITAL, *Briſtol*;

INFORMS the Public, and his Friends particularly, That he intends to follow thoſe profeſſions in this province. If a regular, phyſical Education, with a conſiderable degree of Experience, may be allowed ſufficient qualifications, he hopes he ſhall not be found deficient; he aſſures them, the utmoſt aſſiduity ſhall be always exerted. The practice of MIDWIFERY, he has for ſome years, been largely engaged in; and offers his attendance *Gratis* to every perſon in Charles-Town, whoſe circumſtances or ſituation demands it: The Poor may alſo be aſſiſted with advice in all caſes, every afternoon between the hours of *Twelve* and *Three*, oppoſite *John Izard*, Eſqre. in Church-ſtreet.

N.B. A firſt floor to be let furniſhed, with other conveniencies, at Mr. *Weldon's*, in Broad-ſtreet.

John & William Baker,

Have juſt imported, in the Carolina Packet, *Capt.* White, *from* London:

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT of *European* and *Eaſt-India* GOODS: Which they will diſpoſe of on reaſonable terms, at their ſtore in Tradd ſtreet.

N. B. *A cheſt of very fine* HYSON TEA. 20—32.

Benj. & Edward Simons,

TAKE this method of returning thanks to their friends, for their paſt favours; and acquaint them and the public, that they continue the FACTORAGE BUSINESS, as uſual: And as they make it their ſtudy to give ſatisfaction, hope for a continuance of their favours.

George Cooke, & Co.

HAVE just imported, in the Beaufain, *from* LONDON; *and the* Catharine, *from* BRISTOL:

A fresh Assortment of GOODS,

Which they will dispose of upon reasonable terms, *for cash, produce or short credit*, at the South corner store, the bottom of Broad-street, lately occupied by Messrs. WARING & SHEPHEARD.

CONSISTING OF

SUPER-FINE Broad Cloths, with trimings, Yorkshire ditto, printed and Irish linens, spotted, long, and clear lawns, cambricks, pomeranias, Russia drabs, brown holland, crocus, nankeens, superfine Serge-de Nisme, handkerchers of all kinds, duffil blankets, white plains, flannels, fearnought jackets, swanskin settees and ermine ditto, hats of all sorts, yarn, worsted, thread, cotton and silk hose, breeches pieces, Dutch, milled, red and striped caps, yarn and leather gloves, Bath beavers and bearskin, striped linseys, persians, mantuas, black and blue sattin, figured mode, ribbons, Dutch lace, &c. plain and figured gauze for aprons, gauze handkerchers, with a variety of other MILLINERY and HABERDASHIARY, combs, cutlery, grocery, stationary, ironmongery, glass and tin ware, pewter, saddles and saddlery, leather and stuff shoes and pumps of all sorts;—FAMILY MEDICINES, &c. with various other articles, too tedious to enumerate.

N. B. They have likewise to sell, an assortment of CUTLERY, lately imported by Mr. CHARLES LITTLEWOOD.

William Simpson,

HAS IMPORTED, in the Captains Whitaker *&* Gordon, *and other vessels from* BRITAIN;

An Assortment of GOODS,

Suitable for the SEASON;

Which are to be sold at his STORE, in Tradd-Street viz.

BROAD CLOTHS with trimmings, white, green, and blue plains, swanskin, brown rolls, buffens, scarlet rugs, raven duck, brown and white Irish sheeting linens, 3-4th and 7-8th garlix, bohea tea, loaf sugar, pepper, cinnamon and nutmegs, sewing silk, ribbons, ladies silk mitts and gloves, figured sattins and modes of different colours, peeling and English persians.

HE has likewise imported, from Glasgow, 6 4th sewed lawns, needle-work handkerchers and aprons, of the most sprightly patterns.—Whoever favours him with their commissions, may rely upon his attention to execute them punctually.

N. B. Any ladies inclining to purchase the painted GAUZE by the piece, may have them very cheap.

THE Subscriber intending to remove to the Southward, will dispose of the PLANTATION whereon he now lives, in sight of Ashley-River Ferry, and about 10 miles distance from Charles Town; whereon is a very good dwelling house, and a kitchen and wash-house, entirely new. There is about 90 or 100 acres of the best wood land that is be-twixt that and Charles-Town, which has never had an axe in, and about one mile from a good landing on said plantation; the remainder of the land is exceeding strong, and good for rice, corn, or indico. The present crop of corn, &c. now thereon, will sufficiently recommend it to all such as are judges thereof: The small distance from Charles-Town, makes it very advantageous for attending the markets daily, either by land or water; and, having a delightful prospect of Ashley-River, at a small expence, it might be made a most agreeable and healthy country-seat. Any person inclinable to purchase, may have it immediately, with the present crop on it, or as soon as it can be gathered in. For further particulars, apply to me on said plantation. PETER STONE.

JOHNSTON & SIMPSON,

HAVE just imported, in the Mary, *Capt.* Gordon, *from* LONDON;

A GENERAL Assortment of EAST-INDIA and EUROPEAN Goods; which they will dispose of on reasonable terms, at their store on the BAY.

N. B. A few barrels of Berj. Kenton's best PORTER.

TO BE SOLD, at Auction.

At the usual place in Charles Town, on Thursday the 10th day of November next;

A NEGRO WOMAN, who has been brought up to house work, and can wash and cook, with her two Children, one a boy, about five years old, and the other a girl, about eighteen months. The conditions will be made known at the time of sale.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Comp.

ALL persons having demands upon the estate of George Skinner, late of Prince-George's Parish, deceased, are desired to make them known; and those who are indebted to the said estate, are required to make payment of the same, by the first day of January next, to

CHARLES FYFFE, PETER SIMONS, } *Administrators.*

STRAYED into Mr. John Gibbes's plantation, Fountain-Bluff, near the Horse-Shoe, a red STAGG, about 3 years old, with two small horns, some white spots about his rump and under his belly, branded IS on the rump, his right ear cropped, and two slits in the left. The owner may prove his property before

October 3, 1768. WILLIAM GIBBES, J. P.

WILSON, CORAM, WAYNE, & Comp.

HAVE just imported, in the Friendship, *Captain* Samuel Ball:

A COMPLEAT ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS.

Amongst which in particular, are

NEAT Brocaded Lutestrings, *Irish* Linens, Callicoes, printed Linens, Checks, Osnabrugs, *Bridport* Sail Cloth, superfine Broad Cloths, *Yorkshire* ditto, Bohea, Green, and Hyson Tea, with a general Assortment of IRONMONGERY and SHIP-CHANDLERY.

N. B. They have also to dispose of, a few Pipes of genuine *London* MADERA; a few Hampers of RED PORT and SHERRY, coarse and fine SALT, BAR IRON, Muscovado SUGAR, &c. &c. (1 m.)

WHEREAS some trifling persons have made it their excuse, that they did not know where I lived, as I had left the house to Mr. James Riddle, or they would come and settle with me: But this is to acquaint the Public in general, that I still live in said house, and am to be spoke with by any person or persons having business with me; and I would recommend to all persons any way indebted to me, to come and discharge the same, without further trouble.

JAMES McCLENACHAN.

George-Town, October 1, 1768.

THE subscriber intending (God willing) to depart the province early in the Spring, takes this public method of requiring all persons indebted to him, by bond, note, or book-debt, to discharge the same; and all persons who have any demands against him, are required to bring them in, that they may be discharged.

N. B. All such accounts, &c. as are unsettled at his departure, will be put into the hands of an attorney, to be recovered. CHARLES FYFFE.

Charles Town, Oct. 22d, 1768.

For LONDON,

(To sail with the first of the Crop.)

THE SHIP

CAROLINA PACKET,

William White *Master.*

(Having the best accommodations for Passengers)

FOR Freight or Passage, apply to Mr. Thomas Smith, in Broad-street, or said Master.

Who has a few crates of LONDON PORTER, and a chest of fine HYSON TEA to dispose of.

ABSENTED himself in June last, from the schooner MARY, JOHN DORAN Master, a negro fellow named

BROMLEY,

ALIAS,

CHIPPENHAM;

He is about five feet nine inches high, strait and slim made, thirty-two years of age, and speaks good English: He had on when he went away, a seamen's jacket, trowsers and check shirt. He is well known in Charles-Town and Winyaw, having sailed a considerable time with Captain Henry Richardson. Whoever will deliver him to the warden of the work-house, shall have a reward of Forty Pounds currency, and reasonable charges.

THOMAS SHIRLEY.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS by an Act of Assembly lately passed, Commissioners are appointed to cause a CHANNEL or CANAL to be cut from the west end of Broad-street, in a direct line to low-water mark on Ashley-river; twenty-five feet wide, and of a sufficient breadth, at the end next to Broad-street, to receive two Schooners, and of depth sufficient for the passing of vessels not drawing more than six feet water; and to cause good and substantial banks or causeways to be raised on both sides thereof. THEREFORE,

ANY person or persons willing to undertake the said work, agreeable to the terms of the said Act; and also to procure the said canal to be piled in on both sides with palmetto posts, are desired to give in their Proposals for the same forthwith to the subscriber, as the Commissioners are desirous the work should be begun as soon as may be.

WILLIAM SAVAGE, *one of the Commissioners.*

THE Subscriber will sell his valuable PLANTATION at *Stono*, containing 1978 acres, for Four Pounds, Five Shillings per acre round, with the crop of Rice, Corn, &c. thereon growing included, any time betwixt this and the first of November ensuing.

FRANCIS YONGE.

N. B. One or two years credit will be given, upon having good security, and paying interest from the day of purchase.

To be Lett, or Sold.

THE brick TENEMENT in Elliott-street, where Mrs. Broughton lately lived.—Enquire of Griffith & Cape, or JOHN HUGER.

THEODORE GAILLARD, jun. GIVES this public Notice to ALL persons indebted to him on bond, mortgage, note, or otherwise, That he will have occasion for all the money due to him, by the first of January next; he hopes none will require longer indulgence, and gives this early Notice, that those concerned may provide in time.

SALES by the Provost-Marshal.

On Tuesday the 8th day of November next, WILL BE SOLD, at public Vendue, at the usual place in Charles-Town:

THE following very valuable NEGROES, viz.—Two carpenters, two bricklayers, a handy waiting boy, and three house wenches, that can wash and iron: Late the property of John Swint, and sold under execution, by ROG. PINCKNEY, *Pro. Mar.*

At the same Time and Place, will also be SOLD;

A NEW SCOONER; late the property of Nathaniel Leddy, and sold under execution, by ROGER PINCKNEY, *Provost-Marshal.*

GEORGE ANCRUM, & Co.

HAVE JUST IMPORTED,

In the Beaufain, *Capt.* Curling, *from* LONDON:

A NEAT AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT of European and East India GOODS: Which are to be sold at their Store in Broad-Street, on the most reasonable terms.

TO BE LETT

(For a Term of Years, or otherwise.)

SCOTT's-FERRY

In St. Thomas's Parish.

A VERY pleasant situation, and only six miles from Charles Town; having a good dwelling house, and all necessary outbuildings, a good pasture, and about 100 acres of extraordinary good land for planting belonging to it. Apply in Charles-Town, to

WILLIAM PARKER.

William Williamson,

INTENDING to carry on the FACTORAGE BUSINESS, will esteem himself sincerely obliged to those who shall please to favour him with the sale of their crops, and they may be fully assured, that the greatest attention will be paid to their interests, and the utmost diligence used in sending Schooners to those, who shall order them, to bring their crops to market. He begs leave to return his sincere thanks to those gentlemen who have been pleased to promise him their business. Letters or orders from the gentlemen in the country, left for him at Mr. James King's, in Tradd-street, will be punctually attended to.

JOHN WARD, Taylor,

HAS JUST IMPORTED,

In the Beaufain, *Capt.* Curling, *from* LONDON:

A FRESH ASSORTMENT of the very best superfine BROAD CLOTHS, with the best of trimmings, silk and worsted breeches pieces, scarlet and crimson hair shag, also green and blue livery shag, and all other materials fit for his business.

His goods are chosen by one of the best judges in the DRAPERY WAY, and on the best terms; he therefore will supply Gentlemen, on any occasion, cheaper than any one in the province.

To be Sold,

A SMALL, but valuable Tract of Wooded LAND, containing about 61 acres, situate on Charles-Town Neck, between Cooper and Ashley Rivers, about eight miles distant from the said Town, and two above the Old-Quarter-House, bounded Eastward on Madam Wragg's plantation, and Southward on lands now or late of Squire Izard. Any person inclinable to purchase the same, may treat with THOMAS LAMBOLL.

WHEREAS *Barbary Stone*, Wife of the Subscriber, hath eloped from him, without any just cause or reason: These are therefore to forewarn all persons not to give her credit in his name, from the date hereof: As also not to harbour or entertain her, as they may depend on being prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law. JACOB STONE.

October 19th, 1768.

CHARLES MYERS, takes this public method of giving notice afresh, to all persons whatsoever, not to harbour, entertain, or credit his Wife *Mary Myers*, who some time ago eloped from him; and notice thereof was given in the public Gazette, forwarning all persons from harbouring, entertaining, or giving her credit in his name, as he is determined not to pay any debts of her contracting; and to prosecute, to the utmost rigour of the law, all such who shall harbour or entertain her.

St. Paul's parish, Oct. 14, 1768.

SAMUEL YOSS, informs me of a strayed sorrel GELDING, has a blaze on his forehead, about twelve hands and an half high, and between eight and nine years old, a pacer, branded on the mounting shoulder ML with a flower-de-luce a-top, and on the off shoulder like T, joining.

The owner must prove the property, before ANDREW LEITCH, J. P.

CATHARINE STOLL, having Administered upon the estate her Husband, *JACOB STOLL*, late of Beach-Hill, deceased, desires all persons any ways indebted thereto, to make speedy payment; and those to whom the estate is indebted, are also desired immediately to bring in their accounts, properly attested, in order that they may be settled, by

CATHARINE STOLL, *Administrator.*

Charles-Town, Nov. 1st, 1768.

AGREEABLE to the directions of an act of the general assembly of this province, intituled, "an act to regulate the "PRICE and ASSIZE of BREAD:"

I HAVE enquired the price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* colonies to be at *six pounds, per hundred* lb. weight, and *Carolina* Flour at *four pounds*, (being both used by the bakers); at which price the HALF CROWN loaves must weigh, as follows:

Of Northward Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt	Of Carolina Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt
White,	1	12	0	White,	2	8	0
Wheaten,	2	10	0	Wheaten,	3	12	0
Houshold,	3	8	0	Houshold,	5	0	0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due notice.

BENJAMIN SIMONS, Com. Gen.

GEORGE THOMSON,

HAS IMPORTED, in the Mary, *Capt.* Gordon, *from* LONDON;

AN ASSORTMENT OF GOODS, fit for the winter season; In which are, plain and figured silks for ladies gowns, plain, striped and sprig'd muslins, sattins, calicoes, pumps, shoes, &c. Which, with his former stock, he will sell on the most reasonable terms, at his store in Tradd-street.——A few barrels of B. Kenton's London PORTER, to be sold as above.

Jones & Richardson,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

A SUPPLY OF GOODS, by the Beaufain, Captain Curling, from LONDON; and the last Vessels from BRISTOL——Which, with what they before had on Hand, make a COMPLEAT ASSORTMENT, and will be sold reasonably, at their Store in Broad-Street.

THE Co-PARTNERSHIP of *GREENLAND & JORDAN* being expired, GEORGE GREENLAND, follows the FACTORAGE BUSINESS by himself, and hopes for the continuance of the favours of his friends; as he will endevour to give satisfaction to all who may please to employ him.

N. B. He will be obliged to those persons indebted to the copartnership, to call and settle their accompts with him.

To be Sold,

A VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND, on the Eastern branch of Saltcatcher river swamp, containing 700 acres, very convenient for two settlements, there being high land sufficient on each side of the swamp. The swamp is one measured mile across, having a large quantity of fine cypress thereon, bounding to the South on lands of Thomas Ferguson, Esq; and to the North on lands of James Parsons, Esq.——ALSO,

A very valuable PLANTATION on John's-Island, containing in all 508 acres, old measure, good for rice, corn or indico, inferior to none on the island, having a sufficient quantity of back-water for either good timber for building, with fencing-timber, and firewood in abundance, also a good dwelling house, and other convenient buildings.

Any person inclinable to purchase either of the above, may treat with the subscriber in Charles-Town. ALEXANDER HEXT.

IN the possession of William Tann, near Island-Creek, a stray speckled COW, brown and white, branded with two R in one (one of them turned backward) marked with a crop in one ear, and a hole cut and one slit in the other, about five years old, with a calf by her side. Also,

A stray bay GELDING, about 13 hands high, nine years old, branded on the near shoulder , on the near buttock C, and on the off shoulder A.

In the possession of Solomon Harvey, at Saltcatcher, a stray chesnut colour GELDING, about twelve hands high, branded on the near shoulder X, and on the off buttock W, in one.

In the possession of Francis Brabbow, near Island-Creek, a stray sorrel GELDING, about six years old, with a blazed face, and four white feet, about twelve hands high, branded on the neck GG. The owners of the above strays, must prove their property before JAMES STOBO.

I AM INFORMED, by Capt. *John Harleston*, of a dun COW, marked with a swallow fork and under keel in one ear, and a swallow fork in the other, no brand to be perceived, which hath strayed into his plantation at Goose-Creek.

Likewise strayed into his plantation in St. John's, a white OX, with a blotched brand on his buttock something like *b*, marked on the right ear a fina piece taken out of the upper part, and a crop and slit in the left ear, with a bell on. The owners may prove their property, before

October 22d, 1768. HENRY SMITH, J. P.

Charles-Town: Printed by Peter Timothy, at the oldest Printing-Office, in Broad-Street.